## Malbork

Malbork fortress is the largest brick castle built in medieval Europe! It was the seat of the great masters of the Teutonic Order. Its construction began in 1274r. and lasted for 100 years! It consists of three locks: a high (by design, sample), average (with the Grand Master's Palace and the Great Refectory) and low (most complete with servants' houses and warehouses). It makes an amazing impression. The most amazing view is from the other side of the river on which it lies. The castle had suffered during World War II and its reconstruction is continued to this day. Every year it is visited by about half a million of tourists. In 1997 it was designated a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

It is a great place to see and to learn history. I think everyone should go there.

## Morskie Oko

The lake called Morskie Oko is in Tatra Mountains. It is well known for the beauty and I believe it is the most beautiful lake in Poland. It is very quiet and clean, what makes it transparent and glossy. The sun's rays that bounce off the water sparkle nicely. The lake is surrounded by hard rocks. Even the strong impact of water during the storm is unable to destroy them.

I really like this landscape. It is good to go there and see its beauty.

## Leba

The place is very attractive for tourists because of moving dunes which are rare in Poland. The originality of the phenomenon of shifting sand dunes, lies in their movements at a rate of three and a half meter to ten meters per year. It depends on the strong winds during storms. This phenomenon is caused by the wind which transferrs individual grains of sand from the top of each dune. This is due to the lack of any vegetation limiting the impact of the wind. Usually the roots of vegetation stop the process of shifting sand dunes. During stormy weather the movement of the sand is so rapid that they are able to destroy everything in their path. The power is so enormous that they are able to knock down a tree with its roots.

